Geography Long Term Plan

YEAR 1 Our School	hysical uman ne and heir ntify the ia. ons
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✓ To carry out a small survey of the beach.	
	e.
school.	
✓ To know and recognise a map.	
✓ To use locational and directional	
language to describe routes on a	
map of the school (left, right, past).	
✓ To use locational and directional	
language to describe the location	
of features on a map (up, down, near, far).	
To devise a simple map of school.	
✓ To observe and record information	
using sketches and memory maps.	
✓ To carry out a small survey of the	
school.	
YEAR 2	
London and the UK Mexico	
✓ To name the capital cities of the	
United Kingdom seven continents - Africa,	
✓ To identify characteristics of the Antarctica, Asia, Oceania, Europe,	
four countries and capital cities of North America, and South America.	
the United Kingdom and its ✓ To name and locate the world's five	
surrounding seas. oceans - the Pacific Ocean, the	
✓ To use geographical vocabulary to Indian Ocean, the Atlantic Ocean,	
refer to key physical features of the Arctic Ocean and the Southern	
London. Ocean.	
✓ To use geographical vocabulary to ✓ To use geographical vocabulary to	
refer to key human features of refer to key human features of	
London, including main landmarks. Mexico, including main landmarks.	
✓ To observe and record human and ✓ To use geographical vocabulary to	
physical features in their locality. refer to key physical features of	
✓ To state some similarities about the Mexico	
four countries of the United ✓ To describe what is the same and	
Kingdom. what is different their locality and	

✓ To collect data in their locality	Mexico using some of the physical		
about what human features people	and human features that they have		
prefer.	learnt.		
✓ To use maps and atlases to identify	✓ To use globes and atlases to		
the United Kingdom as well as	identify Mexico.		
England, Scotland, Wales and	✓ To use atlases and globes to		
Northern Ireland.	identify Africa, Antarctica, Asia,		
✓ To use aerial photographs and	Oceania, Europe, North America,		
plan-perspectives to recognise	and South America.		
London landmarks and	✓ To use atlases and globes to		
geographical features.	identify the Pacific Ocean, the		
✓ To use simple compass directions	Indian Ocean, the Atlantic Ocean,		
(North, South, East, West) and	the Arctic Ocean and the Southern		
location and directional language	Ocean.		
to describe the location of features	✓ To know the difference between a		
on a map of London.	map and a globe.		
✓ To ask and respond to geographical	✓ To devise a simple map of Mexico		
questions about London.	from a photograph.		
·	✓ To construct basic symbols in a key.		
	✓ To observe and record information		
	using sketches and diagrams.		
	✓ To ask and respond to geographical		
	questions about Mexico.		
	✓ To give their own views about		
	Mexico, giving reasons.		
·	 YEA	R 3	
		Coastal Locations	
		✓ To name and locate major	
		cities in the United Kingdom.	
		✓ To identify some of the	
		physical features of the	
		coastline along the East coast	
		of the UK.	
		✓ To describe and understand	
		key aspects of human	
		geography along coastal areas,	
		including the purpose of	
		lighthouses, land use and food.	
		✓ To use fieldwork to measure	
		and record human and physical	
		features on the coast.	
		✓ To use digital technology to	
		record evidence in the field.	
		√ To state similarities and	
		differences due to coastal	
		erosion along the coastline.	
		✓ To understand how land-use	
		patterns along the coast have	
		changed over time.	
		✓ To understand similarities and	
		differences between different	
		lighthouses as a result of	
		changes in land-use.	
		✓ To use maps to locate areas of	
		coastal erosion.	
		✓ To use Ordnance Survey maps	
		to build knowledge of the	
		United Kingdom.	

	To use Topographical maps to investigate coastal land-use patterns over time. To use the eight points of a compass. To create a simple scale drawing. To use map information to devise geographical questions about changes to a location over time. To use different evidence to draw conclusions about how an environment has changed over time. To collect and record evidence using scale drawings and field sketches.	North America
To name and locate the countries of Europe. To identify the Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere and the Equator. To identify and understand the main physical features of Greece, including the woodland biome and vegetation belts. To describe and understand key aspects of human geography in Greece, including settlements and land use. To express similarities and differences in geographical features of Greece compared to the United Kingdom. To understand how settlements and land-use in Greece have changed over time. To use maps and atlases to locate the countries of Europe. To use a range of geographical sources to build knowledge of Greece and to compare it with the United Kingdom. To use four-figure grid references. To use digital mapping to create maps of Ancient and modern Greece. To use a range of geographical sources to pose and reflect on questions in relation to human and physical features of Greece and the United Kingdom.		To name and locate some countries in North America To know the difference between a country and a state. To understand how the physical and human features of a location leads to differences in population. To identify and compare some human features of different locations in North America. To identify and compare the physical features of different locations in North America. To use maps and atlases to locate the countries of North America To use a range of geographical sources to identify the features of some of the countries in North America.

✓ To use evidence of past and				
	present to formulate			
	conclusions about why a			
	country has changed over			
	time.			
	✓ To collect and record evidence			
	using colour-coded maps.			
	Rivers & the Water Cycle			
	✓ To understand rivers and the			
	water cycle.	D.F.		
	YEA	K 5		
Volcanoes, Earthquakes and				
Natural Disasters				
✓ To name and locate the countries				
of Europe, including their capital				
cities.				
✓ To identify the position of latitude,				
longitude, Equator, Northern				
Hemisphere, Southern				
Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer				
and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic				
Circle, the Prime/Greenwich				
Meridian and time zones.				
✓ To identify and understand the				
main physical features of				
mountains, volcanoes and				
earthquakes.				
7 0 . 0 . 1				
describe similarities and				
differences in geographical				
features of Rome compared to the				
United Kingdom, both in the past				
and the present.				
✓ To understand how the volcanic				
eruption in Pompeii changed the				
geographical landscape.				
✓ To use maps and atlases to locate				
the capital cities of European				
countries				
✓ To use satellite imagery to analyse				
the globe and to locate key				
locations from space.				
✓ To use a Topographic map to				
recognise and compare land height.				
✓ To use six-figure grid references,				
symbols and keys.				
✓ To draw a sketch - map from a high				
viewpoint.				
✓ To propose ideas and hypothesise				
about natural disasters.				
✓ To use historical and geographical				
evidence to justify hypothesise on				
changes to Europe over time.				
✓ To collect and record data using a				
charts and sketch-maps.				
charts and sketch-maps.	NE A	D.C.		
	YEA	K O		_
<u>Antarctica</u>			South A	<u>merica</u>

 ✓ To name and locate the world's countries, including Russia and its major cities. ✓ To understand the significance of how latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian affect time zones, day and night ✓ To identify, describe and understand the physical features of Antarctica, including its biome. ✓ To describe and understand different climate zones. ✓ To describe the impact of Science stations and human intervention on Antarctica. ✓ To understand how human intervention has changed the Antarctic biome and landscape. ✓ To select and use relevant maps, atlases, globes or computer mapping to locate Russia and its major cities. ✓ To select relevant maps, atlases, globes or computer mapping to locate North America and South America and their major cities. ✓ To recognise and use atlas symbols. ✓ To use lines of Longitude and Latitude on maps. ✓ To evaluate the quality of information gathered when responding to geographical questions. ✓ To use charts to display data that match geographical deductions about a location. ✓ To use charts to display data that match geographical deductions about a location. 	 ✓ To name and locate the world's countries, focussing on North and South America and their environmental regions and major cities. ✓ To identify, describe and understand the physical features of the marine biome. ✓ To describe and understand human threats to the marine biome. ✓ To describe and understand trade links and the distribution of natural resources from South America. ✓ To recognise and describe using a range of sources and geographical vocabulary the similarities and differences of trade links and natural resource distribution between their locality and South America. ✓ To use an Economic map to recognise economic activity and resources. ✓ To recognise and use atlas symbols. ✓ To evaluate the quality of information gathered when responding to geographical questions. ✓ To use atlas symbols to make deductions about a geographical location. ✓ To use charts to display data that match geographical deductions about a location.
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